Is the Future Female?
Equality and the Mexican Left
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"Is the Future Female? Equality and the Mexican Left"

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WHAT HAS CHANGED FROM 2000 TO 2018

TASA NACIONAL DE HOMICIDIOS EN MÉXICO SEGÚN SEXO
De 2000 a 2018

Fuente: Registros de Mortalidad INEGI, 2000-2018 y CONAPO. se utiliza año de ocurrencia de la defunción.
Se incluyen homicidios ocurridos fuera del país e indígenas sin identificación.
HOWEVER, THE INCREASE WAS NOT HOMOGENEOUS
For men, the public space has always been the place where most homicides occur.

However, for women before 2009, the place where most homicides occur was their home.
The rate of homicides against women at home became 2 times higher.

The rate of homicides against women in public space became 3.6 times higher.
The rate of homicides against women aged 20-27 became 3.6 times higher.

The rate of homicides against women aged 28-35 became 3 times higher.

Between 2000 and 2018:
The homicide rate of women by firearms became 3.8 times higher.
Some differences remain. Proportionally more women are killed than men in their homes. For adult women, their home is the most risky space.
In proportion, women are more suffocated, stabbed, and more poisoned; they are also killed with bodily force and firearms.
LACK OF DATA

If we don't understand a problem, we can't solve it.
This variable is simply not included in 91.1% of homicides of women in the entire period analyzed.

Variable that measures if the kinship is "consanguineous, marital, legal or customary." However, it is not included in 95.1% of homicides of women.

Since 2012, the percentage of the registries for which there's no information available on this characteristic ranges from 57% to 37.5% of the total.
NON-EXISTENT VARIABLES

An effort is needed to record other characteristics that we know are potential risk factors, such as:

- People's sexual orientation.
- Their gender identity.
- Their skin color.
- Their immigration status
- Whether or not they have a disability.
There should also be variables that better describe who the victims are, who the aggressors are, and what the event was like.

- To identify victims who were killed in the same event.
- To know where the body was found (not only where the murder occurred).
- The number of perpetrators who allegedly committed the murder (as well as
  - their sex, age, and relationship to each other's victim).
- If there were signs of aggressions prior to the murder.
INSTITUTIONAL DISABILITY
Increased militarization
• We have weak institutions.
• They lack human, financial and enough technological resources to act.
• They have complex bureaucratic lattices.
• There's a lack of transparency and accountability.